Domain Objectives and Vocabulary

FAIRY TALES AND TALL TALES
Fairy Tales and Tall Tales

For the next two weeks we will be learning about classic fairy tales and tall tales and the well-known lessons they teach.
Core content objectives addressed in this domain theme...

The students will...

- Identify classic tales as a type of fiction
- Demonstrate familiarity with particular classic tales
- Identify the characters, plot, and setting of particular classic tales
- Identify exaggeration and larger-than-life characters as characteristics of classic tales
Lesson 1

The Fisherman and His Wife

Lesson 1 ~ Core Content Objectives

The students will:

- Demonstrate familiarity with the fairy tale “The Fisherman and His Wife”
- Describe the characters, plot, and setting of “The Fisherman and His Wife”
- Identify common characteristics of fairy tales such as “once upon a time” beginnings, royal characters, magical characters or events, and happy endings
- Identify the fairy tale elements of “The Fisherman and His Wife”
- Identify the meanings of new vocabulary words
Charming  (adjective)

Very pleasing or appealing

Example: The ladies had lunch at the most charming restaurant.
Displeases (verb)

Feeling unhappy or bothered about something

Example: It displeases the baseball players when their game is cancelled due to rain.
Enchanted (adjective)
As if under a magic spell

Example: Kate and Jack knew they were in an enchanted forest because there were jewels growing on the trees.
Hesitated (verb)

Stopped briefly before doing something

*Example*: The dog hesitated before going outside in the rain.
Might (noun)

Power to do something; force or strength

Example: The man tried to open the door with all his might, but it would not open.
The Fisherman and His Wife

Domain Introduction

- As you enjoy listening to the fairy tales and tall tales in this theme keep in mind that these classic tales help to teach well-known lessons for all.

- The characteristics of fairy tales include:
  - Royal characters
  - Magical characters
  - Magical events
  - “Once upon a time” beginnings
  - “Happily ever after” endings

- It’s important to remember that many things that happen in fairy tales are fantasy—they are not likely to happen in real life. Fairy tales are made-up stories from someone’s imagination. They are stories with magical or strange characters, settings, and events.

- Fairy tales are fiction
The Fisherman and His Wife

Purpose for Listening

The title of this fairy tale is “The Fisherman and His Wife,” retold and made popular by the Brothers Grimm. Remember that a fairy tale is one type of fiction; it is not a true story. Listen carefully to discover which character has the magical powers and what the magical power does. Also listen to for the true meaning of the story to discover the life long lesson.

- Read-aloud Anthology Story ~flip book images

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Lesson 1 The Fisherman and His Wife

Comprehension Questions

1. **Literal** What is the title of this fairy tale? Who retold this story and made this story popular?

2. **Evaluative** How do you know that this story is a fairy tale?

3. **Inferential** How would you describe the wife in this story? How would you describe the fisherman in this story?

4. **Inferential** What things does the wife tell the fisherman to ask the flounder for?

5. **Evaluative** How does the sea change each time the fisherman asks the flounder for another wish? Why do you think the sea changed with each wish?

6. **Evaluative** How did the fisherman feel about asking the flounder for things over and over again?

7. **Evaluative** What happened when the wife asked to have the power to make the sun rise and set? Why do you think that happened?

8. **Evaluative** Think Pair Share: If you could ask a magic fish for two wishes, what two wishes would you make? Would your wishes be all for yourself, for someone else, or for others in the world?

9. **Evaluative** Do you think there is a lesson we can learn from this story? If so, what is it?
The Fisherman and His Wife

Life Long Lesson Learned From This Story

You should be happy with what you have. Don’t be greedy. Be careful not to wish for too much.
These are pictures of events from the plot of “The fisherman and His Wife.” Number the pictures in correct order to show the proper sequence of events.
In the read-aloud you heard the fisherman’s wife say, “It *displeases* me that the sun and moon will not rise and set at my command.”

1. Say the word *displeases* with me three times.

2. *Displeases* means to be unhappy or bothered about something.

3. The flounder is *displeased* that the wife keeps making wishes for herself.

4. Tell your partner about something that *displeases* you. Try to use the word *displeases* when you tell about it.

   Echo response: “It *displeases* me when . . .”
Word Work: Displeases ~using antonyms

Directions: The prefix -or beginning of a word ~dis– often makes the word have the opposite meaning. If the word pleases means to give happiness and delight, then the word displease means to make unhappy or bother. Displeases is the antonym or opposite of the word pleases.

We going to read several examples. If the event or activity we read makes you unhappy, make a displeased and unhappy face and say, “That displeases me.” If the event or activity we read makes you happy, make a happy and pleased face and say, “That pleases me.” Raise your hand to respond.

1. You wake up and see that it snowed over night.
2. Your best friend invites you to play.
3. It starts raining on a Saturday afternoon.
4. You miss the bus to school.
5. You have to go to bed one hour earlier.
The Fisherman and His Wife

- View YouTube video 14:07
  http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UlqZbqWw3Cs

- The Fisherman and His wife